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First Occurrence of Citrobacter farmeri Producing IMP-8 in a Novel Class 1 Integron.

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Background. *C. farmeri* was first recognized by Farmer et al. in 1985. This pathogen is rarely isolated from humans and it has been documented to cause urinary, respiratory and intra-abdominal infections, bacteremia, endocarditis and meningitis. *C. farmeri* has never been associated to antimicrobial resistance. The isolates presented here were isolated from a hospital with previous reports of bla_{IMP-8} in *Enterobacter cloacae*. **Objective.** To describe the emergence of *C. farmeri* isolates producing an MBL.

Methods. Two Citrobacter spp were recovered from two patients with bacteremia from a general hospital in Buenos Aires province. The patients had been admitted in Jan. and Feb. 2015 to the general ward and coronary unit respectively. Specie identification was performed by MALDI-TOF (Bruker Co). Phenotypic MBL-production was evaluated by synergism between carbapenems and EDTA/SMA discs and by the MHT and Blue-Carba test (BCT). MIC was determined by Phoenix 6.01A and interpretation performed following CLSI criteria. Detection of bla_{VIM} , bla_{IMP} and bla_{NDM} genes and integron array was done by PCR and sequencing. Biparental conjugation was performed using sodium azide resistant *E. coli* J53 as acceptor.

Results. Isolate M19020 and M19031 were identified as *C. farmeri* (score 2.356 and 2.043 respectively). MHT and BCT were positive. MBL production was confirmed by carbapenem/EDTA synergism and PCR. Carbapenem MICs were within the resistant category for imipenem and ertapenem (MIC 8 and >1 μ /ml respectively) and susceptible for meropenem ($\leq 1 \mu$ /ml). Fluorquinolones, colistin and aminoglycosides were susceptible. $bla_{\rm IMP-8}$ gene was detected in a novel class 1 integron named In1165 by INTEGRALL containing $bla_{\rm IMP-8} - aadA1y$ - $bla_{\rm OXA-9}$ cassettes. Moreover, aadA1y and $bla_{\rm OXA-9}$ genes are embedded within a same fused gene cassette. $bla_{\rm IMP-8}$ from M19031 was successfully transferred by conjugation.

Conclusions. To our knowledge, this is the first report of *C farmeri* producing IMP-8 carbapenemase in In1165. This report highlights the threat of unusual *Enterobacteriaceae* species as potential reservoir of MBLs and other resistance genes.